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- (a) Import information for statistical purposes shall be filed for goods shipped as follows:
- (1) Entering the United States from foreign countries.
 - (2) Admitted to U.S. FTZs.
 - (3) From the U.S. Virgin Islands.
- (4) From other nonforeign areas (except Puerto Rico).
- (b) Sources for collecting import statistics include the following:
- (1) CBP's ABI Program (see 19 CFR Subpart A, Part 143).
- (2) CBP-7501 paper entry summaries required for individual transactions (see 19 CFR Subpart B, Part 142).
- (3) CBP-226, Record of Vessel Foreign Repair or Equipment Purchase (see 19 CFR 4.7 and 4.14).
- (4) CBP-214, Application for Foreign Trade Zone Admission and/or Status Designation (Statistical copy).
- (5) Electronic CBP Form 214 Admissions (e214).
- (c) The Kimberley Process Certificates must be faxed prior to exportation to the Census Bureau on (800) 457–7328 or provided by other methods as permitted by the Census Bureau.

[73 FR 31555, June 2, 2008, as amended at 78 FR 16382, Mar. 14, 2013]

§ 30.51 Statistical information required for import entries.

The information required for statistical purposes is, in most cases, also required by CBP regulations for other purposes. Refer to CBP Web site at http://www.cbp.gov to download "Instructions for Preparation of CBP-7501," for completing the paper entry summary documentation (CBP-7501). Refer to the Customs and Trade Automated Interface Requirements for instructions on submitting an ABI electronic record, or instructions for completing CBP-226 for declaring any equipment, repair parts, materials purchased, or expense for repairs incurred outside of the United States.

§ 30.52 Foreign Trade Zones (FTZ).

When goods are withdrawn from a FTZ for export to a foreign country, the export shall be reported in accordance with §30.2. Foreign goods admitted into FTZs shall be reported as a general import. Statistical requirements for zone admissions are provided

to the Census Bureau via CBP's Automated Broker Interface (ABI) electronic 214 (e214) program or the CBP Form 214A Application for Foreign Trade Zone Admission and/or Status Designation. Refer to CBP Web site at www.cbp.gov to download the "Foreign Trade Zone Manual" where instructions for completing the paper CBP Form 214A documents are provided in Appendix C. When goods are withdrawn for domestic consumption or entry into a bonded warehouse, the withdrawal shall be reported on CBP 7501 or through the ABI in accordance with CBP regulations. The instructions and definitions for completing the e214 are provided in 19 CFR 146. The following data items are required to be filed on the 214A, for statistical purposes:

- (a) Zone Number and Location (Address)
 - (b) Port Code
- (c) Importing Vessel and Flag/Other Carrier
 - (d) Export Date
 - (e) Import Date
 - (f) Zone Admission Number
 - (g) U.S. Port of Unlading
 - (h) In-bond Carrier
 - (i) Foreign Port of Lading
 - (j) Bill of Lading/AWB Number
- (k) Number of Packages & Country of Origin
 - (1) Description of Merchandise
 - (m) HTSUSA Number
 - $(n)\ Quantity\ (HTSUSA)$
 - (o) Gross Weight
- (p) Separate Value and Aggregate Charges
 - (q) Status Designation

[78 FR 16382, Mar. 14, 2014]

§ 30.53 Import of goods returned for repair.

Import entries covering U.S. goods imported temporarily for repair or alteration and reexport are required to show the following statement: "Imported for Repair and Reexport" on CBP-7501 or in the ABI entry. Whenever goods are returned to the United States after undergoing either repair, alteration, or assembly under HTS heading 9802, the country of origin shall be shown as the country in which the repair, alteration, or assembly is

performed. When the goods are for reexport and meet all of the requirements for filing the EEI, file according to the instructions provided in §30.2, except for the following data items:

- (a) Value. Report the value of the repairs, including parts and labor. Do not report the value of the original product. If goods are repaired under warranty, at no charge to the customer, report the cost to repair as if the customer were being charged.
- (b) Schedule B Classification Code. Report Schedule B commodity classification code 9801.10.0000 for goods reexported after repair.

§ 30.54 Special provisions for imports from Canada.

- (a) When certain softwood lumber products described under HTSUSA subheadings 4407.1001, 4409.1010, 4409.1090, and 4409.1020 are imported from Canada, import entry records are required to show a valid Canadian region of manufacture code. The Canadian region of manufacture is determined on a first mill basis (the point at which the item was first manufactured into a covered lumber product). Canadian region of manufacture is the first region where the subject goods underwent a change in tariff classification to the tariff classes cited in this paragraph. The Canadian region code should be transmitted in the electronic ABI summaries. The Canadian region of manufacture code should replace the region of origin code on CBP-7501, entry summary form. These requirements apply only for imports of certain softwood lumber products for which the region of origin is Canada.
- (b) All other imports from Canada, including certain softwood lumber products not covered in paragraph (a) of this section, will require the two letter designation of the Canadian province of origin to be reported on U.S. entry summary records. This information is required only for U.S. imports that under applicable CBP rules of origin are determined to originate in Canada. For nonmanufactured goods determined to be of Canadian origin, the province of origin is defined as the region where the exported goods were originally grown, mined, or otherwise produced. For goods of Canadian origin

that are manufactured or assembled in Canada, with the exception of the certain softwood lumber products described in paragraph (a) of this section, the region of origin is that in which the final manufacture or assembly is performed prior to exporting that good to the United States. In cases where the region in which the goods were manufactured. assembled. grown. mined, or otherwise produced is unknown, the province in which the Canadian vendor is located can be reported. For those reporting on paper forms the region of origin code replaces the country of origin code on CBP Form 7501, entry summary form.

- (c) All electronic ABI entry summaries for imports originating in Canada also require the Canadian region of origin code to be transmitted for each entry summary line item.
- (d) The region of origin code replaces the region of origin code only for imports that have been determined, under applicable CBP rules, to originate in Canada. Valid Canadian region/territory codes are:

XA—Alberta

XB—New Brunswick

XD—British Columbia Coastal

XE—British Columbia Interior

XM—Manitoba

XN—Nova Scotia

XO—Ontario

XP—Prince Edward Island

XQ—Quebec

XS—Saskatchewan

XV—Nunavut

XW—Newfoundland

XY—Yukon

[73 FR 31555, June 2, 2008, as amended at 78 FR 16382, Mar. 14, 2013]

§ 30.55 Confidential information, import entries, and withdrawals.

The contents of the statistical copies of import entries and withdrawals on file with the Census Bureau are treated as confidential and will not be released without authorization by CBP, in accordance with 19 CFR 103.5 relating to the copies on file in CBP offices. The importer or import broker must provide the Census Bureau with information or documentation necessary to verify the accuracy or resolve problems